# FINANCIAL ABUSE

# FINANCIAL ABUSE: SUMMARY

Key messages about financial abuse:

- It is a form of family violence
  - It is often used to trap a person in an abusive relationship
  - It is common, and can happen to anyone
- Financial abuse can include many things, like controlling and preventing a person's access to money, stopping them from getting a job or forcing them to get loans they don't want.
- If someone is experiencing financial abuse, it is not their fault it is a choice made by the person perpetrating financial abuse to exert power and control.
- While financial abuse can be different for different people, there are similarities in the impact that those who have experienced it describe, for example:
  - Feeling trapped
  - Being made to feel incompetent
  - Feeling dependent and powerless

# **Community Support Services**

There are supports available for people who are experiencing financial abuse: (split into Local/National)

×

×

1800 007 007 <u>Chat Online</u> Financial counselling 9:30 - 4:30 M-F

# Cultura.

1800 512 341 fcintake@cultura.org.au Specialised family violence financial counselling × Financial Independence Hub 1300 050 150

experienced Online form family violence + financial abuse A service that supports older people in addressing 1800 214 117 conflict respectingelders@betterplace.com.au relating to family or carers in their lives and preventing elder abuse

Financial coaching for those who have

# **General Family Violence**

There are supports available for people who are experiencing family violence:

×	1800 737 732 <u>Chat Online</u>	Information + counselling 24 hours
×	03 5277 0044 admin@wathaurong.org.au	Women's business including family violence support
×	1800 312 820 <u>barwon@orangedoor.vic.gov.au</u>	A free service for adults, children and young people who are experiencing or have experienced family violence
×	For Barwon support: Call 03 5222 4318 or Email reception@safvcentre.org.au For Wimmera support Call 03 5381 1211 or Email wimmera@safvcentre.org.au	Sexual assault and family violence services across the Barwon, Wimmera and Western Melbourne areas of Victoria

# **USEFUL RESOURCES**



**Financial Abuse Toolkit** 

×

**EMH Aboriginal Women's Services Financial Abuse Factsheet** 

×

#### Good Shepherd Financial Abuse Information Hub

#### Signs of Financial Abuse Factsheet

## FINANCIAL ABUSE: DEEP DIVE

×

×

Key messages about financial abuse:

- Financial abuse is a form of family violence and it is against the law
- It is often used to trap a person in an abusive relationship
  - It can happen to anyone 1 in 4 women and 1 in 13 men experience violence by an intimate partner, and up to 90% of those who seek support are also affected by financial abuse

Financial abuse has been described as a hidden epidemic as it is much less reported on and documented than physical or psychological abuse.

Financial abuse can occur throughout a relationship, or may begin after you and your partner have split up through things like property settlement and child support processes. Some examples of financial abuse include:

- Financial Control controlling day-to-day household finances such as
  - Closely monitoring a person's spending
  - Giving them a small allowance
  - Limiting access to money such as bank accounts or benefits
  - Being excluded from making financial decisions
- Financial Exploitation manipulation of the household finances including:
  - Forcing a person to take on debt, sign documents or claim welfare
  - Forcing a person to work in a family business without getting paid
- Financial Sabotage sabotaging a person's capacity to be financially independent, such as:
  - Stopping a person from attending work or study
  - Destroying a person's work product
- Institutional or Systemic Abuse use of the system to disadvantage a person, such as:

×

- Refusing to pay child support
- Drawing out legal proceedings

## There can be warning signs

Your partner might be abusive if they:

- Want to join finances early in your relationship
- Are pressuring you to get a joint bank account or second credit card
- React badly when you try to talk to them about money, making you scared to bring it up

For more information on potential warning signs click on the information icon

# There are ways to help protect yourself against financial abuse and its impact

- Open your own mail
- Regularly check your bank/credit card statements for unauthorised transactions
- Keep your passwords and login information secure
- Don't sign documents you don't understand
- Seek independent advice if you are unsure something is in your best interests

### There is support available

If you think you or someone you know is experiencing financial abuse:

- You can contact 1800RESPECT on 1800 737 732 for information and support.
- You can contact National Debit Helpline on 1800 007 007 for financial counselling.

If you have experienced family violence including financial abuse and are not currently in a crisis situation, you can contact the **<u>Financial Independence Hub</u>** to access financial coaching and support